UPLANDS JUNIOR SCHOOL

HISTORY POLICY 2020

<u>Intent</u>

At Uplands we believe that high-quality history lessons inspire children to want to know more about the past and to think and act as historians.

By linking learning to a range of topics, including Ancient Egyptians and Greeks, Romans, Stone Age, Anglo Saxons, Vikings and the 1960's Youth Culture.

Children have opportunities to investigate and interpret the past, understand chronology, build an overview of Britain's past as well as that of the wider world, and to be able to communicate historically.

We develop children with the following essential characteristics to help them become historians:

- * An excellent knowledge and understanding of people, events and contexts from a range of historical periods, including significant events in Britain's past;
- * The ability to think critically about history and communicate ideas confidently to a range of audiences:
- * The ability to support, evaluate and challenge their own and others' views using historical evidence from a range of sources;
- * The ability to think, reflect, debate, discuss and evaluate the past by formulating and refining questions and lines of enquiry;
- * A respect for historical evidence and the ability to make critical use of it to support their learning
- *A desire to embrace challenging activities, including opportunities to undertake high-quality research across a range of history topics;
- *A developing sense of curiosity about the past and how and why people interpret the past in different ways.

Our school policies reflect commitment to an inclusive, creative and exciting curriculum, based around high quality teaching and learning. As part of our goal to become a 'Rights-respecting School and further embed the 'Respect for All' ethos in school we acknowledge the following Articles: 13,29,12,28.

A high-quality history education will help pupils gain a coherent knowledge and understanding of Britain's past and that of the wider world. It should inspire pupils' interest and curiosity to know more about the past and through this they develop a sense of identity and a cultural understanding based on their historical heritage. Teaching should equip pupils to ask perceptive questions, think critically, weigh evidence, sift arguments, and develop perspective and judgement. History helps pupils to understand the complexity of people's lives, the process of change, the diversity of societies and relationships between different groups, as well as their own identity and the challenges of their time. Therefore learning to value their own and other people's cultures in modern multicultural Britain and, by considering how people

lived in the past, they are better able to make their own life choices today. In our school history makes a significant contribution to citizenship education by teaching about how Britain developed as a democratic society. We teach children to understand how events in the past have influenced our lives today; we also teach them to investigate these past events and, by so doing, to develop the skills of enquiry, analysis, interpretation and problem-solving.

Key Stage 2 will be based on the updated 2014 History Curriculum and will focus on the teaching of British, local and world history. Our aims are:

- To foster in children an interest in the past and to develop an understanding that enables them to enjoy all that history has to offer.
 - To enable children to know about significant events in British history and to appreciate how things have changed over time;
 - To develop a sense of chronology;
 - To know and understand how the British system of democratic government has developed and, in so doing, to contribute to a child's citizenship education:
 - To understand how Britain is part of a wider European culture and to study some aspects of European history;
 - To have some knowledge and understanding of historical development in the wider world;
 - To help children understand society and their place within it, so that they
 develop a sense of their cultural heritage;
 - To develop in children the skills of enquiry, investigation, analysis, evaluation and presentation.

Implementation

We use the 2014 History Programme of Study for history as the basis for our curriculum planning in history, but we have adapted this to the local context by building on the successful units of work already in place. We ensure that there are opportunities for children of all abilities to develop their skills and knowledge in each unit and we built planned progression into the scheme of work so that the children are increasingly challenged as they move up through the school.

We teach history throughout topic-based curriculum. We organise a number of visits to sites of interest and have a wide range of historical artefacts that we use with the children as well as organised visits within school. Pupils will continue to develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history.

The children's understanding and knowledge of historical facts will be broadened through the teaching of the following key elements:

- chronology
- interpretation of history
- historical enquiry
- organisation and communication
- range and depth

Key Stage 2 teaching units:

- Ancient Egypt,
- · The Greeks,
- · The Roman Empire,
- · Stone Age to Iron Age,
- The Anglo-Saxons,
- · The Vikings,
- · The Rise of the Youth Culture
- A local study being the growth of Wolverhampton

Short term plans have been developed for each year group, and teachers annotate these and amend as necessary each year.

When and where appropriate, opportunities will be encouraged to promote historical learning across the curriculum. This could be through links with:

- English report writing, persuasive writing, speaking & listening, drama activities etc
- RE telling stories etc
- Geography map drawing, changing settlements etc
- ICT using research tools to enhance their skills in using the Internet
- PSHE- discovering how to be active citizens in a democratic society by learning how
 laws are made and changed, and they learn how to recognise and challenge stereotypes
 and to appreciate that racism is a harmful aspect of society. Learn how society is
 made up of people from different cultures and developing tolerance and respect for
 others.

Impact

Assessment will initially come from questioning in class and marking of History books. We assess children's work in history by making informal judgements as we observe them during each history lesson. On completion of a piece of work, the teacher marks the work and comments as necessary.

Children are teacher assessed at the end of each topic of work according to key learning objectives and skills. A grade of: working towards, working at or working beyond age related expectations is given. Assessments are recorded by the class teacher and monitored by the history co-ordinator.

The subject leader works alongside the SLT to monitor standards of teaching and learning. The work of the history subject leader also involves supporting colleagues in the teaching of history, being informed about current developments in the subject, and providing a strategic lead and direction for the subject in the school.

Review date: 25/3/20

Next review: November 2021